

**Academic discipline:****"History of Belarus (second half of the 13th century to the middle of the 16th century)"**

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| <b>Code and name of specialty</b>  | 1-02 01 01 History and Social sciences   |
| <b>Training course</b>   | 1  |
| <b>Semester of training</b>  | 1  |
| <b>Number of class hours:</b>  | 48   |
| <b>Lectures</b>  | 20   |
| <b>Seminar classes</b>   | 28   |
| <b>Practical classes</b>   | -  |
| <b>Laboratory classes</b>  | -  |
| <b>Form of current assessment (credit/differential credit/exam)</b>  | credit   |
| <b>Number of credits</b>   | 3  |
| <b>Competencies to be formed</b>   | To know the basics of research activities, to search, analyse and synthesise information. To work in a team, to be tolerant of social, ethnic, confessional, cultural and other differences. To be capable of self-development and improvement in professional activities. To take the initiative and adapt to changes in professional activity. To have a humanistic outlook and the qualities of citizenship and patriotism. |
| <b>Brief content of the academic discipline:</b><br>The academic discipline studies socio-economic, political, ethno-cultural processes in the Belarusian lands in the second half of the 13th - mid-16th centuries: the development of statehood - the Grand Duchy of Lithuania, developed feudalism in the Belarusian lands, nationwide unification of legislative acts, social stratification of society, the rights and privileges of feudal lords, enslavement peasants, the position of the Orthodox Church, the spread of Roman Catholicism, Islam and Judaism on the territory of Belarus, the material and spiritual culture of the population of the Belarusian lands, the development of cities as trade, craft and administrative centers, the development of agriculture, the internal and external political situation of the Belarusian lands in the second half of the XIII - middle of the XVI century. |  |