

**Academic discipline:  
"History of Russia and Ukraine (1861 - 1900)"**

<b>Code and name of specialty</b>	1-02 01 01 History and Social Sciences
<b>Training course</b>	2
<b>Semester of training</b>	3
<b>Number of class hours:</b>	56
<b>Lectures</b>	22
<b>Seminar classes</b>	34
<b>Practical classes</b>	-
<b>Laboratory classes</b>	-
<b>Form of current assessment (credit/differential credit/exam)</b>	Exam
<b>Number of credits</b>	3
<b>Competencies to be formed</b>	To know the cause-and-effect links and patterns of historical development; general and specific in the development of East Slavic peoples; history of East Slavic peoples in the context of European and world history; to be able to identify factors and mechanisms of historical development, determine the social significance of historical events; identify the main periods, trends, patterns of social, economic, political, ethno-national, religio-confessional and cultural events and processes that took place in Russia and Ukraine
<b>Summary of the content of the academic discipline:</b>	
Abolition of serfdom in Russia. Internal policy of autocracy in 1860-1870. Bourgeois reforms. Crisis in governmental policy at the turn of 1870-1880. M.T. Loris-Melikov and his program. The murder of Alexander II. Internal policy of Russian government in 1881-1894. The government's course on "counter-reforms". Social and economic development in Russia in the second half of the 19th and the beginning of the 20th centuries. Evolution of agriculture. Industrial growth in the 1890s. Trade, financial system. Russian foreign policy in the second half of the 19th century. The abolition of the neutralisation of the Black Sea. The "alliance of the three emperors". The War Alert of 1875 in Europe and Russia's position. Russia's economic and political interests in the Middle East. Accession of Kazakhstan and Central Asia to Russia. Far-eastern policy of Russia. Social and political movement in 1860-1890. Conservative thought. Liberal movement. Peasant and revolutionary-democratic movement. Zemsko-liberal movement. Revolutionary populism in the 1870s. Marxist ideas in Russia. Culture of Russia and Ukraine.	