

**Academic discipline:  
"Historical Grammar"**

|   |   |
|---|---|
| <b>Code and name of specialty</b>   | 1-02 03 04 Russian Language and Literature.<br>Foreign Language (English)   |
| <b>Training course</b>  | 2   |
| <b>Semester of training</b>   | 4   |
| <b>Number of class hours:</b>   | 70  |
| <b>Lectures</b>   | 34  |
| <b>Seminar classes</b>  | -   |
| <b>Practical classes</b>  | 36  |
| <b>Laboratory classes</b>   | -   |
| <b>Form of current assessment<br/>(credit/differential credit/exam)</b>   | Exam  |
| <b>Number of credits</b>  | 3   |
| <b>Competencies to be formed</b>  | To make historical commentary on the phonetic, morphological and syntactic features of the contemporary Russian language. |
| <p style="text-align: center;"><b>Summary of the content of the academic discipline:</b></p> <p>The main content of the discipline "Historical grammar of the Russian language" is to consider the changes that occurred during the historical development in phonetics, morphology and syntax of the Russian language. Periodization of the history of the Russian language. Methods for the historical study of language. The main sources of the historical study of language. The place of the Russian language among the East Slavic languages. The appearance of Slavic writing. General East Slavic phonetic processes in pre-written period. Phonetic system of the Russian language in relation to past epochs. Phonetic system of Old Russian language. Sound changes in the history of the Old Russian language in the 11th-14th centuries. Phonetic changes in the written period of the history of the Russian language. Phonetic phenomena of the written period of the 15th-17th centuries. Subject and objectives of historical morphology. History of categories and forms of nouns. History of pronouns and adverbs. History of adjective forms. Formation of a numeral as a special part of speech. Grammatical categories of a verb in Old Russian language. Historical syntax.</p> |   |