**The name of the academic discipline:**

**“Criminalistics”**

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| **Specialty code and name** | 6-050421-01 Jurisprudence |
| **Year of study** | 3-4 |
| **Semester of study** | 6-7 |
| **Number of in-class academic hours:** | 134 |
| **Lectures** | 44 |
| **Seminar classes** | - |
| **Practical classes** | 90 |
| **Laboratory classes** | - |
| **Form of the current assessment (*credit/ graded credit /exam*)** | credit / exam |
| **Number of credit points** | 7 |
| **Competences** | SC-20 Collect, verify and evaluate evidence necessary for a comprehensive, complete and objective disclosure and investigation of the crime. |
| **Summary of the academic discipline:**  Criminalistics is the science of the regularities of the mechanism of a crime, the emergence of information about a crime and its participants, the regularities of collecting, researching, evaluating and using evidence, and special means and methods of crime detection and investigation based on knowledge of these regularities.  Criminalistics develops criminalistic characteristics of crimes, tactical recommendations for rational and effective investigative and investigative actions during the investigation of crimes, conditions for the use of criminalistic tools and techniques aimed at implementing the principle of legality in operational-search and investigative practice.  The content of the academic discipline is structured on the basis of a traditional approach, which provides for four sections of criminalistics: theoretical and methodological foundations of criminalistics, criminalistic research of the material structure of crime, criminalistic tactics and criminalistic methodology. | |